

reStructuredText Support in Trac

Trac supports using *reStructuredText* (RST) as an alternative to wiki markup in any context [WikiFormatting](#) is used.

From the reStructuredText webpage:

"reStructuredText is an easy-to-read, what-you-see-is-what-you-get plaintext markup syntax and parser system. It is useful for in-line program documentation (such as Python docstrings), for quickly creating simple web pages, and for standalone documents. reStructuredText is designed for extensibility for specific application domains."

If you want a file from your Subversion repository be displayed as reStructuredText in Trac's source browser, set `text/x-rst` as value for the Subversion property `svn:mime-type`. See [?this example](#).

Requirements

Note that to activate RST support in Trac, the python docutils package must be installed. If not already available on your operating system, you can download it at the [?RST Website](#).

Install docutils using `easy_install docutils`. Do not use the package manager of your OS (e.g. `apt-get install python-docutils`), because Trac will not find docutils then.

More information on RST

- reStructuredText Website -- <http://docutils.sourceforge.net/rst.html>
- RST Quick Reference -- <http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/rst/quickref.html>

Using RST in Trac

To specify that a block of text should be parsed using RST, use the `rst` processor.

[TracLinks](#) in reStructuredText

- Trac provides a custom RST directive `trac::` to allow [TracLinks](#) from within RST text.

Example:

```
{{{#!rst
This is a reference to |a ticket|
.. |a ticket| trac:: #42
}}}
```

- Trac allows an even easier way of creating [TracLinks](#) in RST, using the custom `:trac:` role.

Example:

```
{{{#!rst
This is a reference to ticket `#12`:trac:

To learn how to use Trac, see `TracGuide`:trac:
}}}
```

For a complete example of all uses of the `:trac:` role, please see [WikiRestructuredTextLinks](#).

Syntax highlighting in reStructuredText

There is a directive for doing [TracSyntaxColoring](#) in RST as well. The directive is called code-block

Example

```
{{{  
#!rst  
  
. code-block:: python  
  
class Test:  
  
    def TestFunction(self):  
        pass  
  
}}}
```

Will result in the below:

```
. . code-block:: python  
  
class Test:  
  
    def TestFunction(self):  
        pass
```

Wiki Macros in reStructuredText

For doing [Wiki Macros](#) in RST you use the same directive as for syntax highlighting i.e code-block.

Wiki Macro Example

```
{{{  
#!rst  
  
. code-block:: RecentChanges  
  
Trac,3  
  
}}}
```

Will result in the below:

2010-12-25

- [TracTimeline](#) ([diff](#))
- [TracUnicode](#) ([diff](#))
- [TracUpgrade](#) ([diff](#))

Or a more concise Wiki Macro like syntax is also available:

```
{{{  
#!rst  
  
:code-block:`RecentChanges:Trac,3`  
}}}
```

Bigger RST Example

The example below should be mostly self-explanatory:

```
{{{  
#!rst  
  
FooBar Header
```

```
=====
reStructuredText is **nice**. It has its own webpage_.

A table:

===== ===== =====
Inputs      Output
-----
A          A or B
=====
False     False   False
True      False   True
False     True    True
True      True    True
=====
RST TracLinks
-----

See also ticket `#42`:trac:.

.. _webpage: http://docutils.sourceforge.net/rst.html
}}
```

Results in:

```
FooBar Header
=====
reStructuredText is **nice**. It has its own webpage_.

A table:

===== ===== =====
Inputs      Output
-----
A          A or B
=====
False     False   False
True      False   True
False     True    True
True      True    True
=====
RST TracLinks
-----

See also ticket `#42`:trac:.

.. _webpage: http://docutils.sourceforge.net/rst.html
```

See also: [WikiRestructuredTextLinks](#), [WikiProcessors](#), [WikiFormatting](#)