Wikiprint Book

Title: Trac Macros

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Trac Macros

Trac macros are plugins to extend the Trac engine with custom 'functions' written in Python. A macro inserts dynamic HTML data in any context supporting [WikiFormatting](#).

Another kind of macros are [WikiProcessors](#). They typically deal with alternate markup formats and representation of larger blocks of information (like source code highlighting).

Using Macros

Macro calls are enclosed in two *square brackets*. Like Python functions, macros can also have arguments, a comma separated list within parentheses.

Trac macros can also be written as [TracPlugins](#). This gives them some capabilities that macros do not have, such as being able to directly access the HTTP request.

Example

A list of 3 most recently changed wiki pages starting with 'Trac':

```
[[RecentChanges(Trac,3)]]
```

Display:

2010-12-25

- [TracTimeline](#) ([diff](#))
- [TracUnicode](#) ([diff](#))
- [TracUpgrade](#) ([diff](#))

Available Macros

Note that the following list will only contain the macro documentation if you've not enabled `-OO` *optimizations, or not set the* `PythonOptimize` *option for* [mod_python](#).

[[AddComment]]

A macro to add comments to a page. Usage:

```
[[AddComment]]
```

The macro accepts one optional argument that allows appending to the wiki page even though user may not have modify permission:

```
[[AddComment(appendonly)]]
```

[[Image]]

Embed an image in wiki-formatted text.

The first argument is the file specification. The file specification may reference attachments in three ways:

- `module:id:file`, where module can be either **wiki** or **ticket**, to refer to the attachment named *file* of the specified wiki page or ticket.
- `id:file`: same as above, but id is either a ticket shorthand or a Wiki page name.
- `file` to refer to a local attachment named 'file'. This only works from within that wiki page or a ticket.

Also, the file specification may refer to repository files, using the `source:file` syntax (`source:file@rev` works also).

Files can also be accessed with a direct URLs; `/file` for a project-relative, `//file` for a server-relative, or `http://server/file` for absolute location of the file.

The remaining arguments are optional and allow configuring the attributes and style of the rendered `<img>` element:

- digits and unit are interpreted as the size (ex. 120, 25%) for the image
- `right`, `left`, `center`, `top`, `bottom` and `middle` are interpreted as the alignment for the image (alternatively, the first three can be specified using `align=...` and the last three using `valign=...`)
- `link=some TracLinks...` replaces the link to the image source by the one specified using a [TracLinks](#). If no value is specified, the link is simply removed.
- `nolink` means without link to image source (deprecated, use `link=`)

  `key=value` style are interpreted as HTML attributes or CSS style indications for the image. Valid keys are:
  - align, valign, border, width, height, alt, title, longdesc, class, margin, margin-(left,right,top,bottom), id and usemap
  - `border`, `margin`, and `margin-*` can only be a single number
  - `margin` is superseded by `center` which uses auto margins

Examples:

```
  [[Image(photo.jpg)]]                        # simplest
 [[Image(photo.jpg, 120px)]]                  # with image width size
 [[Image(photo.jpg, right)]]                  # aligned by keyword
 [[Image(photo.jpg, nolink)]]                 # without link to source
 [[Image(photo.jpg, align=right)]]            # aligned by attribute
```

You can use image from other page, other ticket or other module.

```
  [[Image(OtherPage:foo.bmp)]]    # if current module is wiki
 [[Image(base/sub:bar.bmp)]]     # from hierarchical wiki page
 [[Image(#3:baz.bmp)]]           # if in a ticket, point to #3
 [[Image(ticket:36:boo.jpg)]]
 [[Image(source:/images/bee.jpg)]] # straight from the repository!
 [[Image(htdocs:foo/bar.png)]]   # image file in project htdocs dir.
```

Adapted from the Image.py macro created by Shun-ichi Goto <gotoh@?>

[[InterTrac]]

Provide a list of known [InterTrac](#) prefixes.

[[InterWiki]]

Provide a description list for the known [InterWiki](#) prefixes.

[[KnownMimeTypes]]

List all known mime-types which can be used as [WikiProcessors](#).

Can be given an optional argument which is interpreted as mime-type filter.

[[MacroList]]

Display a list of all installed Wiki macros, including documentation if available.

Optionally, the name of a specific macro can be provided as an argument. In that case, only the documentation for that macro will be rendered.

Note that this macro will not be able to display the documentation of macros if the `PythonOptimize` option is enabled for mod_python!

[[PageOutline]]

Display a structural outline of the current wiki page, each item in the outline being a link to the corresponding heading.

This macro accepts three optional parameters:

- The first is a number or range that allows configuring the minimum and maximum level of headings that should be included in the outline. For example, specifying "1" here will result in only the top-level headings being included in the outline. Specifying "2-3" will make the outline include all headings of level 2 and 3, as a nested list. The default is to include all heading levels.

- The second parameter can be used to specify a custom title (the default is no title).
- The third parameter selects the style of the outline. This can be either `inline` or `pullout` (the latter being the default). The `inline` style renders the outline as normal part of the content, while `pullout` causes the outline to be rendered in a box that is by default floated to the right side of the other content.

[[ProjectStats]]

Wiki macro listing some generic Trac statistics.

This macro accepts a comma-separated list of keyed parameters, in the form "key=value". Valid keys:

> **wiki** -- statistics for [TracWiki](), values:
> - *count* -- show wiki page count
- **prefix** -- use with *wiki* key: only names that start with that prefix are included

'count' is also recognized without prepended key name.

[[RecentChanges]]

List all pages that have recently been modified, grouping them by the day they were last modified.

This macro accepts two parameters. The first is a prefix string: if provided, only pages with names that start with the prefix are included in the resulting list. If this parameter is omitted, all pages are listed.

The second parameter is a number for limiting the number of pages returned. For example, specifying a limit of 5 will result in only the five most recently changed pages to be included in the list.

[[RepositoryIndex]]

Display the list of available repositories.

Can be given the following named arguments:

format
> Select the rendering format:
> - *compact* produces a comma-separated list of repository prefix names (default)
> - *list* produces a description list of repository prefix names
> - *table* produces a table view, similar to the one visible in the *Browse View* page

glob
> Do a glob-style filtering on the repository names (defaults to '*')

order
> Order repositories by the given column (one of "name", "date" or "author")

desc
> When set to 1, order by descending order

(*since 0.12*)

[[TOC]]

Generate a table of contents for the current page or a set of pages.

If no arguments are given, a table of contents is generated for the current page, with the top-level title stripped:

```
[[TOC]]
```

To generate a table of contents for a set of pages, simply pass them as comma separated arguments to the TOC macro, e.g. as in

```
[[TOC(TracGuide, TracInstall, TracUpgrade, TracIni, TracAdmin, TracBackup,
     TracLogging, TracPermissions, TracWiki, WikiFormatting, TracBrowser,
     TracRoadmap, TracChangeset, TracTickets, TracReports, TracQuery,
```

```
        TracTimeline, TracRss, TracNotification)]]
```

A wildcard * can be used to fetch a sorted list of all pages starting with the preceding pagename stub:

```
[[TOC(Trac*, WikiFormatting, WikiMacros)]]
```

The following *control* arguments change the default behaviour of the TOC macro:

Argument	Description
heading=<x>	Override the default heading of "Table of Contents"
noheading	Suppress display of the heading.
depth=<n>	Display headings of *subsequent* pages to a maximum depth of **<n>**.
inline	Display TOC inline rather than as a side-bar.
sectionindex	Only display the page name and title of each page in the wiki section.
titleindex	Only display the page name and title of each page, similar to [TitleIndex]().
notitle	Supress display of page title.
reverse	Display TOC sorted in reversed order. *(Since 11.0.0.4)*

For titleindex argument, an empty pagelist will evaluate to all pages:

```
[[TOC(titleindex, notitle, heading=All pages)]]
```

The sectionindex argument allows a title index to be generated for all pages in a given section of the wiki. A section is defined by wiki page name, using / as a section level delimiter (like directories in a file system). Giving / or * as the page name produces the same result as titleindex (title of all pages). If a page name ends with a /, only children of this page will be processed. Otherwise, the page given in the argument is also included, if it exists. For sectionindex argument, an empty pagelist will evaluate to all page below the same parent as the current page:

```
[[TOC(sectionindex, notitle, heading=This section pages)]]
```

[[TicketQuery]]

Wiki macro listing tickets that match certain criteria.

This macro accepts a comma-separated list of keyed parameters, in the form "key=value".

If the key is the name of a field, the value must use the syntax of a filter specifier as defined in [TracQuery#QueryLanguage](). Note that this is *not* the same as the simplified URL syntax used for query: links starting with a ? character. Commas (,) can be included in field values by escaping them with a backslash (\).

Groups of field constraints to be OR-ed together can be separated by a litteral or argument.

In addition to filters, several other named parameters can be used to control how the results are presented. All of them are optional.

The format parameter determines how the list of tickets is presented:

- **list** -- the default presentation is to list the ticket ID next to the summary, with each ticket on a separate line.
- **compact** -- the tickets are presented as a comma-separated list of ticket IDs.
- **count** -- only the count of matching tickets is displayed
- **table** -- a view similar to the custom query view (but without the controls)

The max parameter can be used to limit the number of tickets shown (defaults to **0**, i.e. no maximum).

The order parameter sets the field used for ordering tickets (defaults to **id**).

The desc parameter indicates whether the order of the tickets should be reversed (defaults to **false**).

The group parameter sets the field used for grouping tickets (defaults to not being set).

The `groupdesc` parameter indicates whether the natural display order of the groups should be reversed (defaults to **false**).

The `verbose` parameter can be set to a true value in order to get the description for the listed tickets. For **table** format only. *deprecated in favor of the `rows` parameter*

The `rows` parameter can be used to specify which field(s) should be viewed as a row, e.g. `rows=description|summary`

For compatibility with Trac 0.10, if there's a last positional parameter given to the macro, it will be used to specify the `format`. Also, using "&" as a field separator still works (except for `order`) but is deprecated.

[[TitleIndex]]

Insert an alphabetic list of all wiki pages into the output.

Accepts a prefix string as parameter: if provided, only pages with names that start with the prefix are included in the resulting list. If this parameter is omitted, all pages are listed. If the prefix is specified, a second argument of value 'hideprefix' can be given as well, in order to remove that prefix from the output.

Alternate `format` and `depth` named parameters can be specified:

- `format=compact`: The pages are displayed as comma-separated links.
- `format=group`: The list of pages will be structured in groups according to common prefix. This format also supports a `min=n` argument, where `n` is the minimal number of pages for a group.
- `format=hierarchy`: The list of pages will be structured according to the page name path hierarchy. This format also supports a `min=n` argument, where higher `n` flatten the display hierarchy
- `depth=n`: limit the depth of the pages to list. If set to 0, only toplevel pages will be shown, if set to 1, only immediate children pages will be shown, etc. If not set, or set to -1, all pages in the hierarchy will be shown.

[[TracAdminHelp]]

Display help for trac-admin commands.

Examples:

```
[[TracAdminHelp]]              # all commands
[[TracAdminHelp(wiki)]]        # all wiki commands
[[TracAdminHelp(wiki export)]] # the "wiki export" command
[[TracAdminHelp(upgrade)]]     # the upgrade command
```

[[TracGuideToc]]

Display a table of content for the Trac guide.

This macro shows a quick and dirty way to make a table-of-contents for the Help/Guide?. The table of contents will contain the Trac* and WikiFormatting pages, and can't be customized. Search for TocMacro? for a a more customizable table of contents.

[[TracIni]]

Produce documentation for the Trac configuration file.

Typically, this will be used in the TracIni page. Optional arguments are a configuration section filter, and a configuration option name filter: only the configuration options whose section and name start with the filters are output.

[[UserQuery]]

Wiki macro listing users that match certain criteria.

This macro accepts a comma-separated list of keyed parameters, in the form "key=value". Valid keys:

- **perm** -- show only that users, a permission action given by *value* has been granted to
- **locked** -- retrieve users, who's account has/has not been locked depending on boolean value
- **format** -- output style: 'count', 'list' or comma-separated values (default)

- **nomatch** -- replacement wiki markup that is displayed, if there's no match and output style isn't 'count' either

'count' is also recognized without prepended key name. Other non-keyed parameters are:

- **locked** -- alias for 'locked=True'
- **visit** -- show a list of accounts with last-login information, only available in table format
- **name** -- forces replacement of maching username with their corresponding full names, if available; adds a full names column if combined with 'visit'
- **email** -- append email address to usernames, if available

Requires USER_VIEW permission for output in any format other then 'count'. A misc placeholder with this statement is presented to unprivileged users.

Macros from around the world

The ?Trac Hacks site provides a wide collection of macros and other Trac plugins contributed by the Trac community. If you're looking for new macros, or have written one that you'd like to share with the world, please don't hesitate to visit that site.

Developing Custom Macros

Macros, like Trac itself, are written in the ?Python programming language.

For more information about developing macros, see the ?development resources on the main project site.

Implementation

Here are 2 simple examples showing how to create a Macro with Trac 0.11.

Also, have a look at ?Timestamp.py for an example that shows the difference between old style and new style macros and at the ?macros/README which provides a little more insight about the transition.

Macro without arguments

It should be saved as TimeStamp.py as Trac will use the module name as the Macro name

```
from datetime import datetime
# Note: since Trac 0.11, datetime objects are used internally

from genshi.builder import tag

from trac.util.datefmt import format_datetime, utc
from trac.wiki.macros import WikiMacroBase

class TimeStampMacro(WikiMacroBase):
    """Inserts the current time (in seconds) into the wiki page."""

    revision = "$Rev$"
    url = "$URL$"

    def expand_macro(self, formatter, name, args):
        t = datetime.now(utc)
        return tag.b(format_datetime(t, '%c'))
```

Macro with arguments

It should be saved as HelloWorld.py (in the plugins/ directory) as Trac will use the module name as the Macro name

```
from trac.wiki.macros import WikiMacroBase

class HelloWorldMacro(WikiMacroBase):
    """Simple HelloWorld macro.

    Note that the name of the class is meaningful:
     - it must end with "Macro"
```

```
  - what comes before "Macro" ends up being the macro name

The documentation of the class (i.e. what you're reading)
will become the documentation of the macro, as shown by
the !MacroList macro (usually used in the WikiMacros page).
"""

revision = "$Rev$"
url = "$URL$"

def expand_macro(self, formatter, name, args):
    """Return some output that will be displayed in the Wiki content.

    `name` is the actual name of the macro (no surprise, here it'll be
    `'HelloWorld'`),
    `args` is the text enclosed in parenthesis at the call of the macro.
      Note that if there are ''no'' parenthesis (like in, e.g.
      [[HelloWorld]]), then `args` is `None`.
    """
    return 'Hello World, args = ' + unicode(args)

# Note that there's no need to HTML escape the returned data,
# as the template engine (Genshi) will do it for us.
```

`expand_macro` details

`expand_macro` should return either a simple Python string which will be interpreted as HTML, or preferably a Markup object (use `from trac.util.html import Markup`). `Markup(string)` just annotates the string so the renderer will render the HTML string as-is with no escaping. You will also need to import Formatter using `from trac.wiki import Formatter`.

If your macro creates wiki markup instead of HTML, you can convert it to HTML like this:

```
 text = "whatever wiki markup you want, even containing other macros"
# Convert Wiki markup to HTML, new style
out = StringIO()
Formatter(self.env, formatter.context).format(text, out)
return Markup(out.getvalue())
```